SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 27-Mar-2023

Revision Number 3

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER Product identifier **Product Name** IPA QUAT 00000053273 Product Code(s) Other means of identification **UN number** 1219 CIXSSIPAQ65; CIXSSIPAQ70; CIXSSIPAQ75. Synonyms Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use **Recommended use** Formulated surface sanitiser for sanitising of surfaces and floors in non-dairy food premises. Uses advised against No information available Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street Mt Maunganui South New Zealand Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700 Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710 For further information, please contact **Contact Point** Product Safety Department Emergency telephone number **Emergency Telephone** 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS) Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet. 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS. Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

SIGNAL WORD Danger

Cleaning Products (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 Approval Number: HSR002528

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3

Label elements



Hazard statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Avoid breathing vapors or mists Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wash hands thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish. **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool Store locked up **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	65-75
Benzyl alkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (Benzalkonium chloride)	8001-54-5	<1%
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.	
Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766 Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.	
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.	
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediate medical attention is required.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Drowsiness. Dizziness.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	
Note to physicians 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU	· · · ·	
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 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the c Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous combustion products 	RES Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. High volume water jet. hemical Highly flammable. Containers may explode when heated. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Pay attention to flashback. Carbon oxides.	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Ensure adequate ventilation.

	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required.	
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use non-sparking tools.	
Precautions to prevent secondary hazards		

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Prevention of secondary hazards

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Remove all sources of ignition. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.	
Packaging materials	Do not store in aluminium containers.	
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents. Acids. Alkalis. Halogens. Aldehydes. Amines. Ammonia. Ethylene oxide. Isocyanates.	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure LimitsNo value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety
Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Isopropyl alcohol: WES-TWA 400 ppm, 983 mg/m³; WES-STEL 500 ppm, 1,230 mg/m³

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesPhysical stateLiquidAppearanceClearColorColourlessOdorSlight LemonOdor thresholdNo information available

<u>Property</u> pH Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point	<u>Values</u> ca. 8 -89°C No data available 19°C	Remarks • Method None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limit in Air	No data available	None known None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	12% (for IPA)	None known
Lower flammability or explosive limits	2% (for IPA)	
Vapor pressure	No data available	
Vapor density	>1 (air=1)	
Relative density	No data available	
Water solubility	Miscible in water	
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

<u>Reactivity</u>		
Reactivity	No information available.	
Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
Explosion data		
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.	
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Hazardous polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.	
Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks.	
Incompatible materials		
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents. Acids. Alkalis. Halogens. Aldehydes. Amines. Ammonia. Ethylene oxide. Isocyanates.	
Hazardous decomposition products	<u>8</u>	
Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.		

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin contact	May cause irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause central nervous system depression.
Symptoms	Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Drowsiness. Dizziness.
Acute toxicity	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Refer to component information below.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Isopropyl alcohol	= 1870 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 72600 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
Benzyl alkyl dimethyl ammonium chloride (Benzalkonium chloride)	= 240 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Isopropyl alcohol		LC50: =9640mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =11130mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: >1400000µg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	

Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	No information available.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulation	No information available.
<u>Mobility</u>	
Mobility in soil	No information available.
Component Information	

Chemical name	Partition coefficient	
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.
Contaminated packaging	For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of

the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1219
Proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) MIXTURE
Hazard class	3
Packing group	II
Hazchem code	2YE
IATA	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) MIXTURE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1219
UN proper shipping name	ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL) MIXTURE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
IMDG EMS Fire	F-E
IMDG EMS Spill	S-D
Marine pollutant	No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand	
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National regulations	See section 8 for national exposure control parameters	
International Inventories NZIoC TSCA DSL/NDSL EINECS/ELINCS ENCS IECSC KECL PICCS AIIC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.	

Legend:

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

 DSL/NDSL
 - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

 EINECS/ELINCS
 - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

 ENCS
 - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

 IECSC
 - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

 KECL
 - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

 PICCS
 - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

 AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 10/ 2021

Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).			
Issuing Date:	27-Mar-2023			
Reason(s) For Issue:	5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS Change in Formulation			
Revision Note: The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised. Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)				
Ceiling Maximum limit valu C Carcinogen		Skin designation		
Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set				

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since lxom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet