# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 19-Jun-2023

### **Revision Number** 2

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier	
Product Name	FoamSoft-IX
Product Code(s)	00000053529
Other means of identification	
UN number	1719
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Foamer for the food and beverage industry.
Uses advised against	No information available
Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Mt Maunganui South New Zealand Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700	
Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710	
For further information, please cont	tact
Contact Point	Product Safety Department
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency Telephone	0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)
Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this S	Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.
2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICAT	ION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

### **GHS Classification**

### SIGNAL WORD Danger

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020 Approval Number: HSR002491

Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 1

#### Label elements



### Hazard statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep only in original packaging Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wash eyes thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection **Precautionary Statements - Response** Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell Rinse mouth Do NOT induce vomiting Absorb spillage to prevent material damage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store locked up Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### <u>Mixture</u>

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	10-<30%
Surfactants	-	<10%
Sequesterants	-	<10%
Other component(s)	-	to 100%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.			
Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766			
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.			
Eye contact	In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.			
Ingestion	Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention.			
Most important symptoms and effe	ects, both acute and delayed			
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.			
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed				
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.			
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASU	RES			
Suitable Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Non-combustible.			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters				
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.			
Hazchem code	2R			
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE	EMEASURES			
Personal precautions, protective e	quipment and emergency procedures			

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders	Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and material for containm	ent and cleaning up
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.
Precautions to prevent secondary	hazards
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7	HANDL	ING	STOR	4GF
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### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Keep out of reach of children. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage ConditionsKeep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store in<br/>aluminium or galvanised containers nor use die-cast zinc or aluminium bungs; plastic bungs<br/>should be used. At temperatures greater than 40°C, tanks must be stress relieved. Store<br/>away from foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Acids. Ammonium salts. Aluminium. Tin. Zinc.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Sodium hydroxide: Ceiling 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - Ceiling (Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling). A concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working day.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.

Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.
Hand protection	Elbow-length impervious gloves.
Skin and body protection	Chemical resistant apron. Rubber boots.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	
Appearance	
Color	
Odor	
Odor threshold	
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Property pH pH (as aqueous solution) Melting point / freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas)

### Liquid Clear Colourless to Light brown Slight No information available

<u>Values</u> >12 (1% aqueous solution)

No data available No data available Not Applicable No data available No data available

# Remarks • Method None known None known None known

None known None known None known

Flammability Limit in Air Upper flammability or explosive limits	Not Applicable	None known
Lower flammability or explosive limits	Not Applicable	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.2-1.3	None known
Water solubility	Miscible in water	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	Not applicable	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	
Reactivity	Corrosive to aluminium, tin, and zinc, liberating flammable hydrogen gas.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Contact with metals (aluminum, zinc, tin) may release hydrogen gas. May react with ammonium salts resulting in evolution of ammonia gas.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Contact with foodstuffs.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Acids. Ammonium salts. Aluminium. Tin. Zinc.
Hazardous decomposition products	<u>5</u>

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

	chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.

### Acute toxicity

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Refer to component information below.

### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium hydroxide	-	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
Chronic effects:	No information available for the product.

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

Ecotoxicity	Avoid contaminating waterways.
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Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

	Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
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Sodium hydroxide	-	LC50: =45.4mg/L (96h,	-
,		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	

Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	No information available.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	No information available.	
<u>Mobility</u>		
Mobility in soil	No information available.	
Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	No information available.	
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		

### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 6 and 8 chemicals – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that chemical); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is not tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances.
Contaminated packaging	For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number Proper shipping name Hazard class Packing group Hazchem code	1719 CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE) 8 II 2R
<u>IATA</u>	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number	1719
UN proper shipping name	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1719
UN proper shipping name	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
IMDG EMS Fire	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill	S-B
Marine pollutant	No

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

New Zealand

 National regulations
 See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

International Inventories	
NZIOC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
AIIC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

### NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

- **DSL/NDSL** Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
- EINECS/ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- **ENCS** Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

- KECL Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
- **PICCS** Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

### AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

### The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).		
Issuing Date:	19-Jun-2023		
Reason(s) For Issue:	5 Yearly Revised Prima	ry SDS	
<b>Revision Note:</b> The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.			
Key or legend to abbreviations and Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CON			
TWATWA (time-weighCeilingMaximum limit vaCCarcinogen	ted average)	STEL *	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Kiph Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Kiph Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization Disclaimer This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidence on how to safety bandle the material in the workplace. Since Iven Operations Bry Ltd cannet			
and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.			

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

### End of Safety Data Sheet