

Revision date: 13-May-2024

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Revision Number 3

Section 1: Identification				
Product identifier				
Product Name	SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION (NZ)			
Product Code(s)	00000053554			
Other means of identification				
Synonyms	Sodium Aluminate Solution 20%w/v; Sodium Aluminate Solution 26%w/v.			
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use			
Recommended use	Water treatment chemical.			
Uses advised against	No information available			
Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet			
Supplier Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Mt Maunganui South New Zealand				
Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700 Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710				
Emergency telephone number				
Emergency Telephone	0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)			

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020. **<u>GHS Classification</u>** 

Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1

## Label elements



# Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H290 - May be corrosive to metals H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 - Causes serious eye damage

## Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. Keep only in original container. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash eyes thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

#### Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

#### Eyes

IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Ingestion
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Spill

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up.

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

No information available.

## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium aluminate	1302-42-7	10-<30%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<2%
Other non-hazardous components	-	to 100%

## Section 4: First-aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.		
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.		
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.		
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Get immediate medical attention.		
Most important symptoms and effe	cts, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.		
Effects of Exposure	No information available.		
Indication of any immediate medica	mmediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.			
Section 5: Fire-fighting measures			
Hazchem code	2R.		
Suitable Extinguishing Media			
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical			

Specific hazards arising from the<br/>chemicalCorrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.<br/>Non-combustible.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

**Special protective equipment and** Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. **precautions for fire-fighters** 

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Attention! Corrosive material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.		
Methods and material for containm	nent and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.		
Methods for cleaning up	Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.		
Precautions to prevent secondary	hazards		
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.		

Section 7: Handling and storage					
Precautions for safe handling					
Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of reach of children.				
Conditions for safe storage, includi	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities				
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.				
Incompatible materials	Acids. Aluminum. Ammonium salts. Brass. Bronze. Copper. Tin. Zinc.				

# Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituents:.

Chemical name	New Zealand	Australia	ACGIH TLV	United Kingdom
Sodium hydroxide	Ceiling 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Peak: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	-
1310-73-2				

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - Ceiling (Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling). A concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working day.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

## Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controlsEnsure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Liquid			
Appearance	Clear to Slightly Opaque			
Color	Slightly Yellow			
Odor	No information available			
Odor threshold	No information available			
Property_	Values	Remarks • Method		
рН	12.9	None known		
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known		
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known		
Flash point	Not applicable	None known		
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known		
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known		
Flammability Limit in Air		None known		
Upper flammability or explosive	Not applicable			
limits				
Lower flammability or explosive	Not applicable			
limits				
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known		
Vapor density	No data available	None known		
Relative density	1.16-1.23	None known		

Water solubility	I
Solubility(ies)	1
Partition coefficient	1
Autoignition temperature	1
Decomposition temperature	
Kinematic viscosity	1
Dynamic viscosity	I

Other information Particle characteristics Miscible in water No data available No data available Not applicable

No data available No data available None known None known None known None known None known None known

## Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	
Reactivity	May react with ammonium salts resulting in evolution of ammonia gas.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Corrosive to aluminium, tin, and zinc, liberating flammable hydrogen gas.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs.
Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Acids. Aluminum. Ammonium salts. Brass. Bronze. Copper. Tin. Zinc.
Hazardous decomposition products	<u>s</u>
	Nexe language because information compliant

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

# Section 11: Toxicological information

## Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

## Symptoms

Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness). Burning.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity No information available

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium hydroxide	= 325 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe burns.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
Data used to identify the health effects	Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS.

# Section 12: Ecological information

## **Ecotoxicity**

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential			
Bioaccumulation	There is no data for this product.		
<u>Mobility in soil</u>			
Mobility	No information available.		
Other adverse effects			
No information available.			

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

## Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021 of the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste. Class 6 and 8 chemicals – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that chemical); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is not tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances
Contaminated packaging	For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if: - the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance; - or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

# Section 14: Transport information

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number or ID number Proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Hazchem code IATA	1819 SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION 8 II 2R Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1819

UN proper shipping name	SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1819
UN proper shipping name	SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
IMDG EMS Fire	F-A
IMDG EMS Spill	S-B
Marine pollutant	Not applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No information available

## Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

## Section 15: Regulatory information

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard	HSR002491 - Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Corrosive)
National regulations	There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances
Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements	Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

## **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories	
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances **PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

## **AIIC-** Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

## Section 16: Other information

Prepared By Revision date:	This Safety Data Sheet SDS Services). 13-May-2024	has been prepared	by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and
Reason(s) For Issue:	5 Yearly Revised Prima	ry SDS	
Revision Note: ***Indicates updated data since last publication. Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet			
Legend SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration LD50: 50% Lethal Dose			
LegendSection 8: EXPOSURETWATWA (time-weCeilingMaximum limi**Hazard DesigCCarcinogen	ighted average) value	ROTECTION STEL * +	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation Sensitizers
Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) Environmental Protection Agency Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)			

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

## **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet