SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 06-Apr-2021

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name ANTIFOAM PF17158C

Product Code(s) 000000053985

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Defoamer

Uses advised againstNo information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017 and the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.

GHS Classification

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Subclass 6.1 Category D - Substances which are acutely toxic.

Subclass 6.1 Category E (aspiration hazard) - Substances which may pose an aspiration toxicity hazard.

Subclass 6.3 Category A - Substances that are irritating to the skin.

Subclass 6.7 Category A - Substances that are known or presumed human carcinogens.

Subclass 6.8 Category B - Substances that are suspected human reproductive or developmental toxicants.

Subclass 8.3 Category A - Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue.

Additives, Process Chemicals and RawMaterials (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2017 Approval Number: HSR002512

Label elements



Hazard statements

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H350 - May cause cancer

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep out of reach of children.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Use personal protective equipment as required

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Avoid breathing vapors or mists

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do NOT induce vomiting

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

In the case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017. This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

No information available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed light paraffinic	64742-56-9	70-90 (with 64742-65-0)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	70-90 (with 64742-56-9)

Ale	cohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	<10

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Do

not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately if

symptoms occur.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get

immediate medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Dry sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Combustible material.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides. Aldehydes.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not touch or walk

through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Take up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers

for later disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep out of reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct

sunlight. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Oil mist, mineral: WES-TWA 5 mg/m3, WES-STEL 10 mg/m3

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controlsEyewash stations. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure

limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protectionBoots. Wear suitable protective clothing. Overalls.

vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidAppearanceOpaqueColorLight yellowOdorSlight

Odor threshold No information available.

Property Values Remarks • Method

pHNo data availableNone knownMelting point / freezing pointNo data availableNone known

Boiling point / boiling rangeNo data availableNone knownFlash point>194°CCC (closed cup)Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure <0.1 hPa @20C None known Vapor density >2 (air=1) None known 0.86-0.91 @25°C Relative density None known Water solubility Slightly soluble None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** 370°C None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity** 150-350 cP @25°C None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Temperatures above 130 °C / 267 °F.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Aldehydes.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product InformationNo adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation. Harmful if inhaled.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration

may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed light paraffinic	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 5399 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic	> 15000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	> 2400 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	= 1400 mg/kg(Rat) = 1378 mg/kg(Rat)	> 2 g/kg(Rabbit)	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Irritating to skin. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

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	Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed light paraffinic - 64742-56-9		Group 1
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic - 64742-65-0		Group 1

Reproductive toxicity H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Classification is based on mixture

calculation methods based on component data.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposureNo information available.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Distillates (petroleum), solvent	-	LC50: >5000mg/L (96h,	EC50: >1000mg/L (48h, Daphnia
dewaxed light paraffinic		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	magna)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent	-	LC50: >5000mg/L (96h,	EC50: >1000mg/L (48h, Daphnia
dewaxed heavy paraffinic		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture

or weld containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORTNot classified as a Dangerous Good under NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land.

IATA Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air;

NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

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IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

- 2	<u>·</u>	
	Chemical name	New Zealand HSNO Chemical Classification
	Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated - 68439-46-3	6.1D (All),6.1D (O),6.3A,8.3A,9.1D (All),9.1D (A),9.1D (C),9.1D
		(F),9.3C

International Inventories

NZIOC All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. KECL Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **AICS**

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 06/2020

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 06-Apr-2021

Reason(s) For Issue: Change to Product Name

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their lxom representative or lxom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet