SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 30-Apr-2021

Revision Number 1

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name PEPSET Q I 4180 CN BINDER IBCE13

Product Code(s) 000000054009

Other means of identification

UN number 1760

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Binder

Uses advised against No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Corrosive, Combustible) Group Standard 2017 Approval Number: HSR002492

Flammable liquids	Category 4
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4

Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3

Label elements



Hazard statements

- H227 Combustible liquid
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	10-<30
1,2-Ethanediol, diacetate	111-55-7	10-<30
Phenol	108-95-2	7-<10
Other component(s)	-	to 100

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. If exposed or concerned: Get

medical advice/attention.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical advice/attention. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. Avoid direct

contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Get immediate medical advice/attention. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent

aspiration.

Self-protection of the first aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure. Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use straight streams. Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water

streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition

can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Environmentally hazardous.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 2X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsAvoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Attention! Corrosive material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment

as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Other information Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Should not be released into the

environment. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways.

Methods for cleaning up Cover liquid spill with sand, earth or other non-combustible absorbent material. Pick up and

transfer to properly labelled containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed

material.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes, and clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

General hygiene considerations Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Phenol: WES-TWA 1 ppm; WES-STEL 2 ppm, skin

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

`Skin' Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Boots.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic

vapour/particulate respirator or an air supplied mask meeting the requirements of AS/NZS

1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available.

Color Light yellow

Odor No information available.
Odor threshold No information available.

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

No data available None known Melting point / freezing point No data available None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known 75°C None known Flash point No data available None known **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known None known Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNone knownVapor densityNo data availableNone known

1.085 @25°C Relative density None known No data available None known Water solubility Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known **Autoignition temperature** No data available None known Decomposition temperature No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known **Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

<u>Hazardous decomposition products</u>

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal.

Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage.

Eye contact Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. Causes serious

eye damage. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

Skin contact Causes burns. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May be absorbed

through the skin in harmful amounts.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Potential for

aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

 ATEmix (oral)
 1,117 mg/kg

 ATEmix (dermal)
 2,597 mg/kg

 ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)
 8.11 mg/l (4 hr)

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 mL/kg(Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
1,2-Ethanediol, diacetate	= 6850 mg/kg (Rat)	= 8480 μL/kg (Rabbit)	-
Phenol	= 340 mg/kg (Rat) = 317 mg/kg (Rat)	= 630 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 316 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationClassification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity Classification based on data available for ingredients. Contains a known or suspected

mutagen. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Classification based on data available for ingredients. The table below indicates ingredients

above the cut-off threshold considered as relevant which are listed as carcinogenic.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Phenol - 108-95-2		Group 3

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicityNo information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	EarthWorm	Avian	Honeybees
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	-	LC50 > 6500 ppm (Colinus virginianus 5 Days) LD50 > 2250 mg/kg (Colinus virginianus)	-
Phenol	LC100 = 6900 mg/kg (Eisenia foetida 56 Days soil dry weight)	-	-

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	EC50: =2.5mg/L (72h, Skeletonema costatum)	LC50: =19mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =2.34mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =1740mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =45mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =41mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-
1,2-Ethanediol, diacetate	-	LC50: =90mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-
Phenol	EC50: =46.42mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 0.0188 - 0.1044mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 187 - 279mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: 11.9 - 50.5mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 20.5 - 25.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 20.5 - 25.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =32mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 5.449 - 6.789mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 7.5 - 14mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 4.23 - 7.49mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =27.8mg/L (96h, Brachydanio rerio) LC50: =0.00175mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 33.9 - 43.3mg/L (96h, Oryzias latipes) LC50: 23.4 - 36.6mg/L (96h, Oryzias latipes) LC50: 5.0 - 12.0mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =13.5mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 11.9 - 25.3mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 34.09 - 47.64mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata) LC50: =31mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)	EC50: 4.24 - 10.7mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: 10.2 - 15.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Mobility

Mobility in soil No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	2.9 - 6.1
Phenol	1.5

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act. Treat the substance using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the substance so that the substance is no longer a hazardous substance; or export the substance from New Zealand as waste. Class 6 and 8 substances – may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that substance); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is not tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 substance).

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land.

UN number 1760

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHENOL)

Hazard class 8
Packing group II
Hazchem code 2X

<u>IATA</u> Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1760

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHENOL)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Packing group |

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1760

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHENOL)

Transport hazard class(es) 8
Packing group | |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

.

International Inventories

NZIOC All the hazardous constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals.

TSCA Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. DSL/NDSL Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC KECL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **PICCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. AICS

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 11/2020

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 30-Apr-2021

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA (time-weighted average) STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) **TWA** STEL

Ceiling Maximum limit value Skin designation

Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet