# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 10-Aug-2021

Revision Number 1

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product identifier** 

Product Name DC DIPLOFOAM-K

**Product Code(s)** 000000054092

Other means of identification

UN number 3266

Synonyms Diplofoam K.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** High foaming chlor-alkali cleaner.

**Uses advised against** No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

**SIGNAL WORD** 

Danger

Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002526

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Sub-category B

Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 2
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

#### Label elements



#### **Hazard statements**

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Avoid release to the environment

# **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

Collect spillage

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

# Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Mixture**

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium compound(s)	-	10-<30
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	1-<10
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	1-<10
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures

**General advice** 

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Seek immediate medical

attention/advice.

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to physicians**Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Environmentally hazardous. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code 2X

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Evacuate personnel to safe

areas. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as

required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions**Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal.

#### Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use personal protection

equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep out of reach of children.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Ammonium salts.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

**Exposure Limits**No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Sodium hydroxide: Ceiling 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - Ceiling (Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling). A concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working day.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

# Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal

Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



**Eye/face protection** Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

**Skin and body protection** Boots. Apron. Overalls.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Appearance Clear

ColorColourless to Pale YellowOdorNo information available.Odor thresholdNo information available.

Remarks • Method **Property** <u>Values</u> None known pН >12 No data available Melting point / freezing point None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available None known Flash point Not applicable None known No data available **Evaporation rate** None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

No data available None known Vapor pressure Vapor density No data available None known Relative density 1.065-1.085 None known None known Miscible in water Water solubility Solubility(ies) No data available None known Partition coefficient No data available None known Autoignition temperature No data available None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known

Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. May react with ammonium salts resulting in evolution

of ammonia gas.

Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Heat. Contact with foodstuffs.

Incompatible materials

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Ammonium salts.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Sodium oxides.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** May cause irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

**Skin contact** Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns.

**Ingestion** Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes.

Acute toxicity

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

No information available.

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium hydroxide	-	= 1350 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-
Sodium hypochlorite	= 8.91 g/kg (Rat)	> 10000 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	-

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component

data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Sodium hypochlorite - 7681-52-9		Group 3

# IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Sodium hydroxide	-	LC50: =45.4mg/L (96h,	-
-		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
Sodium hypochlorite	EC50: =0.095mg/L (24h,	LC50: 0.06 - 0.11mg/L (96h,	EC50: 0.033 - 0.044mg/L (48h,
1	Skeletonema costatum)	Pimephales promelas) LC50: 4.5 -	Daphnia magna) EC50: =2.1mg/L
		7.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales	(96h, Daphnia magna)
		promelas) LC50: 0.4 - 0.8mg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 0.28 -	
		1mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	
		LC50: 0.05 - 0.771mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 0.03 -	
		0.19mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus	
		mykiss) LC50: 0.18 - 0.22mg/L	

(96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

No information available. **Bioaccumulation** 

Mobility

No information available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 6 and 8 chemicals may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that chemical); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is not tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances.

Contaminated packaging

Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN** number

Proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE)

Hazard class 8 Packing group Ш Hazchem code 2X

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

3266 **UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** Transport hazard class(es) CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE)

Packing group

Ш

00000054092 - DC DIPLOFOAM-K

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IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 3266

UN proper shipping name CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE)

MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

IMDG EMS Fire

F-A

IMDG EMS Spill

S-B

Marine pollutant

8

8

8

Nesses

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**New Zealand** 

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

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**International Inventories** 

NZIOC All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

**International Regulations** 

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 10-Aug-2021

Reason(s) For Issue: First Issue Primary SDS

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**