SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 11-May-2023

Revision Number 1

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THI	E MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER	
Product identifier		
Product Name	MAC SLAY RESIDUAL INSECTICIDES - SURFACE SPRAY / CRACK & CREVICE / FOGGER	
Product Code(s)	00000054452	
Other means of identification		
UN number	1950	
Synonyms	CIXSLAYSS5A-500ML; CIXSLAYRF1A-150G; CIXSLAYCC5A-500ML.	
Recommended use of the chemical	and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	A synthetic pyrethroid mix with high residual life and effective against insect pests. Used as residual insecticide in public health and border bio security control against mosquitoes, houseflies, fleas, cockroaches, silverfish, carpet beetles.	
Uses advised against	No information available	
Details of the supplier of the safety	data sheet	
<u>Supplier</u> Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street Mt Maunganui South New Zealand		
Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700 Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710		
For further information, please cont	act	
Contact Point	Product Safety Department	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency Telephone	0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)	
Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.		
2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.		
Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.		
GHS Classification		
SIGNAL WORD Danger		

Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002515

Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1

Label elements



Hazard statements

H223 - Flammable aerosol

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H371 - May cause damage to organs

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray Wash hands thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace Use personal protective equipment as required Wear respiratory protection Wear protective gloves/protective clothing Avoid release to the environment **Precautionary Statements - Response** IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS) IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Collect spillage **Precautionary Statements - Storage** Store locked up Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F **Precautionary Statements - Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Mixture</u>

Revision Number 1

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Propane	74-98-6	<70% with butane
Butane	106-97-8	<70% with propane
d-phenothrin	26002-80-2	20 g/kg
Permethrin	52645-53-1	20 g/kg
Other component(s)	-	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.	
Emergency telephone number	Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766 Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26	
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms occur.	
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.	
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Coughing and/ or wheezing. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.	
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Fine water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Foam. Dry chemical.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable. Containers may explode when heated. May form explosive mixtures with air. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.	
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		
Special protective equipment for	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout	

fire-fighters

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment as required.	
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.	
Methods for cleaning up	This product is a gas. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. Do not flush residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Use personal protective equipment as required.	
Precautions to prevent secondary hazards		
Prevention of secondary hazards	Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Keep out of reach of children. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage ConditionsKeep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from direct sunlight. Store away from
foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Keep at temperatures below 50°C / 122°F.

Incompatible materials Acids.

Acids. Alkalis. Oxidizing agents. Alkaline earth metals. Finely powdered metals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Butane: WES-TWA 800 ppm, 1,900 mg/m³ Propane: Simple asphyxiant-may present an explosion hazard

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

Asphyxiant - gases which can lead to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. The minimum oxygen content in air should be 18% by volume under normal atmospheric pressure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Eyewash stations. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES.



Remarks • Method

None known None known None known None known None known None known

None known None known None known None known None known None known None known None known

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and c	hemical properties
Physical state	Gas , Aerosol
Appearance	No information available
Color	Colourless
Odor	Slight, Ethereal -like
Odor threshold	No information available
Property_	Values
pH	No data available
Melting point / freezing point	No data available
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available
Flash point	<20°C (Propellant)
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Flammability Limit in Air	
Upper flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Vapor pressure	No data available
Vapor density	>1 (air=1)
Relative density	0.80-0.82 g/mL @25°C
Water solubility	No data available
Solubility(ies)	Dispersible in water
Partition coefficient	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	No data available
Dynamic viscosity	No data available

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	
Reactivity	No information available.
Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Explosion data	
Sensitivity to mechanical impact	None.
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.
Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Contact

with foodstuffs.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids. Alkalis. Oxidizing agents. Alkaline earth metals. Finely powdered metals.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:
Inhalation	May cause irritation. May cause sensitization by inhalation. Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of coordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.
Eye contact	May cause redness, itching, and pain.
Skin contact	May cause irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Symptoms	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Coughing and/ or wheezing. May cause allergic skin reaction. Redness. Rashes. Hives.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

Refer to component information below.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Propane	-	-	> 800000 ppm (Rat) 15 min
Butane	-	-	= 658 g/m³ (Rat)4 h
d-phenothrin	> 10 g/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)> 5 g/kg (Rat)	> 3760 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
Permethrin	= 220 mg/kg (Rat) = 383 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat) = 1750 mg/kg (Rat) > 2 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.69 mg/L (Rat)4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	No information available.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No information available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

No information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates ingredients above the cut-off threshold considered as relevant which are listed as carcinogenic.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
d-phenothrin - 26002-80-2		Group 2A
Permethrin - 52645-53-1		Group 3

Reproductive toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	May cause damage to organs. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Hazardous to terrestrial invertebrates.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Permethrin	-	LC50: 0.008 - 0.03mg/L (96h,	-
		Pimephales promelas) LC50: 0.001	
		- 0.009mg/L (96h, Pimephales	
		promelas) LC50: 0.0017 -	
		0.0048mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus	
		mykiss) LC50: =0.015mg/L (96h,	
		Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 0.0052 -	
	0.0077mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50: =0.00079mg/L (96h, Lepomis	
		macrochirus) LC50: =0.0108mg/L	
		(96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50:	
		0.00188 - 0.00336mg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus) LC50:	
		0.00049 - 0.00097mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	

Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	No information available.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulation	No information available.
Mobility	
Mobility in soil	No information available.
Component Information	

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Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Propane	2.3
Butane	2.89
Permethrin	6.5

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Chemical name	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Endocrine disrupting potential
d-phenothrin	Group III Chemical	-	-
Permethrin	Group III Chemical	-	-

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.
Contaminated packaging	For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number Proper shipping name Hazard class	1950 AEROSOLS 2.1
IATA	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	1950 AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE 2.1
IMDG	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.
UN number	1950

UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
IMDG EMS Fire	F-D
IMDG EMS Spill	S-U
Marine pollutant	Yes

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

New Zealand

National regulations

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

International Inventories	
NZIoC	All the constituents of this material are listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.
TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
DSL/NDSL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
KECL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.
AIIC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 02/2021

Prepared By	This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).
Issuing Date:	11-May-2023

Reason(s) For Issue:

Revision Note: The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised. Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION				
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)	
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation	
С	Carcinogen			
Agency for Toxic U.S. Environment European Food S EPA (Environment Acute Exposure C U.S. Environment U.S. Environment Food Research J Hazardous Subst International Unife Japan GHS Class Australian Industr NIOSH (National National Library C National Library C National Toxicolo New Zealand's C Organization for E Organization for E	ance Database orm Chemical Information Database (IU sification ial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AIC Institute for Occupational Safety and He f Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) f Medicine's PubMed database (NLM P gy Program (NTP) hemical Classification and Information D conomic Co-operation and Development conomic Co-operation and Development conomic Co-operation and Development for Toxic Effects of Chemical Substance	DR) ase e, Fungicide, and Rod olume Chemicals CLID) CIS) ealth) UBMED) Database (CCID) nt Environment, Health nt High Production Vol nt Screening Informati	n, and Safety Publications lume Chemicals Program	

First Issue Primary SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet