

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision date: 06-Dec-2024 Revision Number 2

Section 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product Name UPGRADE

Product Code(s) 000000054580

Other means of identification

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Foaming cleaner.

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia)

NZBN: 9429041465226

Street Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

Section 2: Hazard identification

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020. GHS Classification

Corrosive to metals	Category 1	
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1	
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2	
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1	
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1	

Label elements

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Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H361fd - Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep only in original packaging.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS).

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

Store in corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	10-<30
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	10-<30
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts	119345-04-9	<1
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. (Call a physician if symptoms occur).

Eye contact In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also

under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water.

Get immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Burning.

Effects of Exposure No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physiciansCan cause corneal burns. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Hazchem code 2R

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Environmentally hazardous. Non-combustible.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

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Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not touch or walk

through spilled material. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective

equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionsLocal authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Not to be used by pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or

who are breastfeeding.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

foodstuffs. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Acids. Metals. Metal salts. Peroxides. Reducing agents. Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure LimitsNo value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituents:.

Chemical name New Zealand Australia ACGIH TLV United Kingdom

Sodium hydroxide	Ceiling 2 mg/m ³	Peak: 2 mg/m ³	-	-
1310-73-2				

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - Ceiling (Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling). A concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working day.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, FACE SHIELD, GLOVES (Long), APRON, RUBBER BOOTS.



Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.

Hand protection Elbow-length impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection Overalls. Boots. Apron.

Respiratory protection If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available
Color Colourless to Yellow
Odor Slight Chlorine

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

рH >12 None known No data available Melting point / freezing point None known None known Boiling point / boiling range No data available Flash point Not applicable None known None known **Evaporation rate** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive Not applicable

limits

Lower flammability or explosive Not applicable

limits

Vapor pressure No data available None known Vapor density No data available None known Relative density 1.195 None known Water solubility Miscible None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient** No data available None known Not applicable **Autoignition temperature** None known None known **Decomposition temperature** Kinematic viscosity No data available None known

Kinematic viscosityNo data availableNone knownDynamic viscosityNo data availableNone known

Other information

Particle characteristics

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity Corrosive to metals.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid None known based on information supplied.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids. Metals. Metal salts. Peroxides. Reducing agents. Ethylene diamine tetraacetic acid.

Hazardous decomposition products

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Hazardous decomposition products Chlorine.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety

Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is

mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Ingestion Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Burning.

Acute toxicity

Numerical measures of toxicity

No information available

Component Information

Component information			
Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium hypochlorite	= 8.91 g/kg (Rat)	> 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 10.5 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Sodium hydroxide	= 325 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritationCauses severe burns. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based on

component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage. Classification is based on mixture calculation methods based

on component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	New Zealand	IARC
Sodium hypochlorite - 7681-52-9	-	Group 3

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Classification is

based on mixture calculation methods based on component data.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Data used to identify the health

Refer to Section 16 for Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the effects

SDS.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity Keep out of waterways. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Sodium hypochlorite	-	LC50: 0.06 - 0.11mg/L (96h,	EC50: 0.033 - 0.044mg/L
		Pimephales promelas)	(48h, Daphnia magna)
		LC50: 4.5 - 7.6mg/L (96h,	
		Pimephales promelas)	
		LC50: 0.4 - 0.8mg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus)	
		LC50: 0.28 - 1mg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus)	
		LC50: 0.05 - 0.771mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
		LC50: 0.03 - 0.19mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
		LC50: 0.18 - 0.22mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss)	

There is no data for this product. Terrestrial ecotoxicity

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis-, tetrapropylene derivs., sulfonated, sodium salts	-2.68

Mobility in soil

No information available. **Mobility**

Other adverse effects

No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020.

Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste.

Class 6 and 8 chemicals - may be discharged into the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance (or a component of that chemical); and the discharge does not, after reasonable mixing, result in the concentration of the substance in an environmental medium exceeding the tolerable exposure limit. If there is not tolerable exposure limit for the substance, then it may only be discharged into the environment if the substance is very rapidly converted to substances that are not hazardous substances...

Contaminated packaging

For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous substances, the person must ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the substance that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from.

Packages may only be reused or recycled if:

- the substance has a physical hazard other than corrosive to metal, and has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous substance:
- or for substances that have a health or environmental hazard, or corrosive to metal, the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the substance to be classified as hazardous in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Section 14: Transport information

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number or ID number Proper shipping name

CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE AND SODIUM

HYPOCHLORITE)

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш 2R

Hazchem code

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number

UN proper shipping name CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE AND SODIUM

HYPOCHLORITE)

Ш

Transport hazard class(es)

IATA

Packing group

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IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea: DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number

CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE AND SODIUM **UN proper shipping name**

HYPOCHLORITE) MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es) Packing group Ш IMDG EMS Fire F-A IMDG EMS Spill S-B Ρ Marine pollutant

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Special precautions for user

Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EPA New Zealand HSNO approval code or group standard

HSR002526 - Cleaning Products (Corrosive)

National regulations

There are no applicable tolerable exposure limits or environmental exposure limits

according to the EPA Controls for Hazardous Substances

Certified handlers, tracking and controlled substance license requirements

Certified handlers are required for some substances. This includes substances requiring a controlled substance license, and most explosives, vertebrates toxic agents, and certain fumigants. Acutely toxic substances which are a Category 1 or 2, such as pesticides also require Certified handlers. Please check the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Tracking is required for some highly hazardous substances. These substances need to be under the control of an appropriately trained person or appropriately secured. Please check

the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for further information

Controlled substance licenses are required to possess certain explosives, vertebrate toxic agents and fumigants. See Part 7 of the Health and Safety at Work Regulation 2017 for more information

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

International Inventories

NZIoC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **TSCA** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **DSL/NDSL** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **EINECS/ELINCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **ENCS** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **IECSC** Contact supplier for inventory compliance status. **KECL**

PICCS Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

AllC Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

TCSI Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
 IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
 KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AllC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Section 16: Other information

Prepared By

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by IXOM Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Revision date: 06-Dec-2024 Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Change in Hazardous Chemical Classification

Change in supplier information

Revision Note:

***Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value * Skin designation * Sensitizers

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

World Health Organization

6.1D, 6.8B, 8.1A, 8.2B, 8.3A, 9.1A

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since IXOM Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their IXOM representative or IXOM Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

IXOM Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet