# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 06-Feb-2023

**Revision Number** 7

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name SODIUM NITRITE

**Product Code(s)** 000031030501

Other means of identification

UN number 1500

**CAS No.** 7632-00-0

**Synonyms** Nitrous acid, sodium salt.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Chemical intermediate. Raw material. Corrosion inhibitor

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Oxidising Liquids and Solids (Acutely Toxic) Group Standard 2020

Approval Number: HSR002634

Oxidizing solids	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2

#### Label elements



#### **Hazard statements**

- H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer
- H301 Toxic if swallowed
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles

Do not breathe dusts or mists

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear eye/face protection

Use personal protective equipment as required

Avoid release to the environment

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

Collect spillage

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture

**Chemical nature** 

Contains anticaking agent.

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sodium nitrite	7632-00-0	>=99
Other component(s)	-	to 100

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of first aid measures** 

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Immediate medical attention is required.

**Emergency telephone number** Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Eye contact** Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

**Skin contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Delayed pulmonary edema may

occur.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Treat symptomatically. May cause methemoglobinemia. Symptoms may be delayed.

Treat with toluonium chloride to reverse methaemoglobinanaemia. After inhalation of

decomposition products: Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Promotes the combustion (oxidizer). Can cause fire and explosion when in contact with flammable substances. Any material contaminated with the product (e.g. clothes) ignites

easily and burns vigorously - increased fire hazard. Environmentally hazardous.

#### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Decomposes on heating emitting irritating white fumes and/or brown fumes. Brown fumes indicate the presence of toxic oxides of nitrogen. On detection of fire the compartment(s) should be opened up to provide maximum ventilation. Fire-fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if there is a risk of exposure to products of combustion/decomposition. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. If safe to do so, prevent molten material from being confined in drains, pipes, etc.

Hazchem code 1Z

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no

smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use

personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for containment** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled

material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

**Prevention of secondary hazards** Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid generation of dust.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protection equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from contact

with clothing and other combustible materials to avoid fire.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or

ignition. Protect from moisture. Store locked up. Keep container closed when not in use.

**Incompatible materials** Acids. Amines. Ammonium compounds. Combustible material. Cyanides. Reducing agents.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety

Authority. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for particulate(s):

Particulates not otherwise classified: 8hr WES-TWA 10 mg/m3 (inhalable dust) or 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust)

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



Eye/face protection Goggles.

Hand protection Impervious gloves.

**Skin and body protection** Overalls. Wear suitable protective clothing. Boots.

**Respiratory protection** If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid Appearance Crystalline

Color White to Slightly Yellow

**Odor** Faint

Odor threshold No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

7-9 (100 g/L) None known рΗ Melting point / freezing point 280°C None known No data available Boiling point / boiling range None known Flash point Not applicable None known **Evaporation rate** No data available None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air None known

Upper flammability or explosive Not applicable

limits

Lower flammability or explosive Not applicable

limits

No data available None known Vapor pressure Vapor density No data available None known Relative density 2.17 @20°C None known Water solubility Soluble in water None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known Partition coefficient log Kow = -3.7None known **Autoignition temperature** Not applicable None known **Decomposition temperature** >320°C None known No data available Kinematic viscosity None known None known Dynamic viscosity No data available

Other information

Molecular formula NaNO2

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** Mixtures with ammonium compounds or cyanides may explode.

**Chemical stability** 

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. Hygroscopic.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge None.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Oxidizing agent. Supports combustion of other materials and increases intensity of a fire.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat. Moisture. Dust formation. Avoid contact with combustible substances. Contact with

foodstuffs.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids. Amines. Ammonium compounds. Combustible material. Cyanides. Reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Nitrogen oxides. Disodium oxide.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Acute toxicity**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause irritation. May cause a reduction in blood pressure.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Skin contact** May cause irritation.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause

a lowering of blood pressure (hypotension). There is a risk of damage to the

blood(methemoglobinemia) after a single uptake.

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. May cause methemoglobinemia.

**Acute toxicity** 

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium nitrite	157.9 mg/kg (rat)	-	= 5.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
	175 mg/kg (mouse)		
	186 mg/kg (rabbit)		

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Not classified.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** Suspected of causing genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** Refer to 'Chronic effects' section below.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

**STOT - single exposure**No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

Chronic effects: There is a risk of damage to the blood (methemoglobinemia) after a single uptake of large

quantities. Under certain conditions nitrites can enhance the formation of nitrosamines in

vivo. Nitrosamines are carcinogenic in animal studies.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways. Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity**There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Sodium nitrite	=	LC50: =0.19mg/L (96h,	-
		Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 0.092	
		- 0.13mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus	
		mykiss) LC50: 0.4 - 0.6mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 0.65 -	
		1mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss)	
		LC50: =2.3mg/L (96h, Pimephales	
		promelas) LC50: =20mg/L (96h,	
		Pimephales promelas)	

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Biodegradation is not an applicable endpoint since the product is an inorganic substance.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** No information available.

**Mobility** 

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Sodium nitrite	-3.7

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste.

#### Contaminated packaging

Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical). Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1500

Proper shipping name SODIUM NITRITE

Hazard class5.1Subsidiary hazard class6.1Packing groupIIIHazchem code1Z

IATA Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1500

UN proper shipping name SODIUM NITRITE

Transport hazard class(es) 5.1
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group III

**IMDG** Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1500

UN proper shipping name SODIUM NITRITE

Transport hazard class(es) 5.1
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group III
IMDG EMS Fire F-A
IMDG EMS Spill S-Q
Marine pollutant Yes

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**New Zealand** 

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

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**International Inventories** 

NZIOC

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

DSL/NDSL

EINECS/ELINCS

ENCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

PICCS Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

All the constituents of this material are listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial

Chemicals.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

#### International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 02/2023

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 06-Feb-2023

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their lxom representative or lxom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**