# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 15-Nov-2023

**Revision Number** 6

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name ACETONE

**Product Code(s)** 000031065701

Other means of identification

UN number 1090

**CAS No.** 67-64-1

**Synonyms** 2-Propanone; Dimethylketone; Dimethylketal.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use** Industrial solvent. Chemical intermediate.

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facsimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

GHS Classification

**SIGNAL WORD** 

Danger

Approval Number: HSR001070

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Flammable liquids	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2

#### Label elements



#### **Hazard statements**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ÓN SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

In case of fire: Use extinguishing media as outlined in Section 5 of this Safety Data Sheet to extinguish.

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substance

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	>=99%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

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**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. If

breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also

under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact**Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated

clothes and shoes. Call a physician if symptoms occur.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head

below hips to prevent aspiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use

personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Drowsiness. Dizziness.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** 

Suitable Extinguishing Media Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, fine

water spray or water fog can be used.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Highly flammable. Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Pay attention to flashback. Flash back possible over considerable

distance.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout

gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Hazchem code •2YE

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not touch

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or walk through spilled material. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for

more information.

Other information Ventilate the area.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Dike far

ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and

place into a container for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Use a non-combustible

material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for

later disposal. Use only non-sparking tools.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors or

mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking. All equipment may need to be explosion-proof based on a risk assessment.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Regular cleaning of equipment, work

area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately

after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from

foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Strong alkalis. Bromine. Mineral acids. Natural rubber.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

**Exposure Limits** 

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# Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	New Zealand	ACGIH
Acetone	50 mg/L urine end of shift Acetone	
67-64-1		

Acetone: WES-TWA 500 ppm, 1,185 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; WES-STEL 1,000 ppm, 2,375 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, bio

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

'bio' - Biological Exposure Index.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### **Engineering controls**

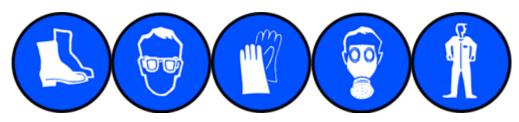
Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.



Eye/face protection

Goggles.

Hand protection

Impervious gloves.

Skin and body protection

Antistatic boots. Overalls. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour

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respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Clear **Appearance** Color Colourless

Odor Characteristic Pungent

**Odor threshold** 200-450 ppm

Values Property Remarks • Method

5-6 at 395 g/L (20°C) None known Hq Melting point / freezing point -94.7°C None known Boiling point / boiling range 56.05°C None known -17 °C Flash point CC (closed cup) **Evaporation rate** 4.5 (n-Butyl acetate=1) None known Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known Flammability Limit in Air

None known

Upper flammability or explosive 13% (V)

limits

Lower flammability or explosive 2.2% (V)

limits

Vapor pressure 245.3 hPa @20°C None known Vapor density 2.0 (air=1) None known Relative density 0.79 @20°C None known Water solubility Miscible in water None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known **Partition coefficient**  $log Pow = -0.24 @20^{\circ}C$ None known 465°C **Autoignition temperature** None known No data available **Decomposition temperature** None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known 0.32 mPa.s @20°C **Dynamic viscosity** None known

Other information

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

**Chemical stability** 

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air. May form explosive peroxides.

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Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Static discharge (electrostatic discharge).

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Strong alkalis. Bromine. Mineral acids. Natural rubber.

**Hazardous decomposition products** 

Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Acute toxicity**

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause central nervous system depression with

nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin contact May cause irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause

central nervous system depression.

**Symptoms** Irritation. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Drowsiness. Dizziness.

**Acute toxicity** 

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 50100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ( Rat ) 8 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** Not a skin sensitizer. (guinea pig).

Germ cell mutagenicity Not mutagenic in AMES Test.

Carcinogenicity Not listed as carcinogenic according to IARC.

(IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer).

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

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**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure**No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

Chronic effects: A study of 800 workers occupationally exposed to acetone vapours (600-2150 ppm) over an

18 year period revealed no significant adverse effects in exposed compared with

unexposed workers.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways.

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	EarthWorm	Avian	Honeybees
Acetone	` ' '	LC50 > 40000 ppm (Phasianus colchicus 5 Days) LC50 > 40000 ppm (Coturnix coturnix japonica 5 Days)	

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Acetone	-	LC50: 4.74 - 6.33mL/L (96h,	EC50: 10294 - 17704mg/L (48h,
		Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 6210	Daphnia magna) EC50: 12600 -
		- 8120mg/L (96h, Pimephales	12700mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
		promelas) LC50: =8300mg/L (96h,	
		Lepomis macrochirus)	

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** 

**Mobility** 

Mobility in soil

**Component Information** 

	Component information		
Chemical name		Partition coefficient	
	Acetone	-0.24	

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.

Contaminated packaging

Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1090 Proper shipping name ACETONE

Hazard class 3
Packing group II
Hazchem code •2YE

<u>IATA</u> Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association

(IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1090 UN proper shipping name ACETONE

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group | |

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1090 UN proper shipping name ACETONE

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

IMDG EMS Fire

IMDG EMS Spill

Marine pollutant

S-D

No

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**New Zealand** 

National regulations See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

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International Inventories

NZIOC This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

AIIC This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

#### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 07/2023

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 15-Nov-2023

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

**Revision Note:** 

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

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Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their lxom representative or lxom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**